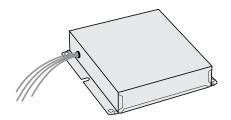
# B4CF3 Cold-Pak

## **Installation Instructions**

**EMERGENCY LIGHTING EQUIPMENT** 



## PHILIPS bodine





## ! IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS!

WHEN USING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS SHOULD ALWAYS BE FOLLOWED, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

## **READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. To prevent high voltage from being present on red, yellow & yellow/black output leads prior to installation, inverter connector must be open. Do not join inverter connector until installation is complete and AC power is supplied to the emergency ballast.
- 2. This product is for use with one 13 W through 42 W (4-pin) compact fluorescent lamp without integral starters.
- 3. Make sure all connections are in accordance with the National Electrical Code, Canadian Electrical Code and any local regulations.
- 4. To reduce the risk of electric shock, disconnect both normal and emergency power supplies and inverter connector of the emergency ballast before servicing.
- 5. This emergency ballast is for factory or field installation inside or on top of the fixture.
- 6. This product is suitable for damp locations where the ambient temperature is -20°C minimum, +55°C maximum. Product is also suitable for installation in sealed and gasketed fixtures. Product is not suitable for heated air outlets and wet or hazardous locations.
- 7. An unswitched AC power source is required (120 or 277 VAC, 60 Hz).
- 8. Do not install near gas or electric heaters.
- 9. Do not attempt to service the battery. A sealed, no-maintenance battery is used that is not field replaceable. Contact the manufacturer for information on service.
- 10. The use of accessory equipment not recommended by the manufacturer may cause an unsafe condition.
- 11. Do not use this product for other than intended use.
- 12. Servicing should be performed by qualified service personnel.

**CAUTION:** Verify that all replacement lamp types marked on the installed luminaire are also identified as suitable for use with this inverter/charger pack.

## **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS**



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THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A RECHARGEABLE NICKEL-CADMIUM BATTERY.
THE BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.

12/11/13

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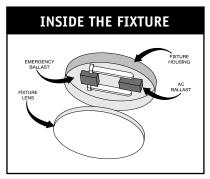


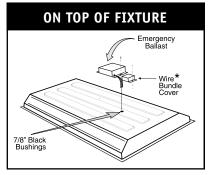
WARNING: TO PREVENT HIGH VOLTAGE FROM BEING PRESENT ON RED, YELLOW & YELLOW/BLACK OUTPUT LEADS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, INVERTER CONNECTOR MUST BE OPEN. DO NOT JOIN INVERTER CONNECTOR UNTIL INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE AND AC POWER IS SUPPLIED TO THE EMERGENCY BALLAST.

NOTE: Make sure that the necessary branch circuit wiring is available. An unswitched source of power is required. The emergency ballast must be fed from the same branch circuit as the AC ballast.

#### STEP #1 INSTALLING THE EMERGENCY BALLAST

- > Disconnect AC power from the fixture.
- > Refer to illustrations below to install emergency ballast. Remote mounting distance must be less than half the maximum remote mounting distance for the AC ballast. Consult AC ballast manufacturer before remote installation. Note: These are only examples of possible installations.

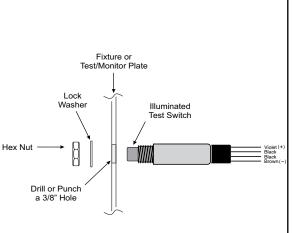


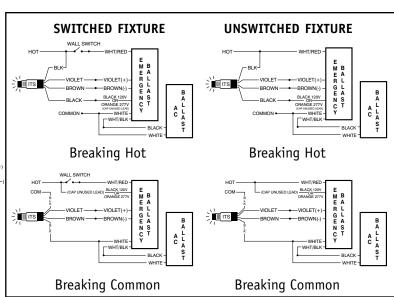


\* For installation on top of the fixture, wire bundle covers (RMC-60) may be required by state or local codes. These covers are available from the manufacturer as an accessory kit and must be ordered separately. Call your local distributor or the factory for complete information.

### STEP #2 INSTALLING THE ILLUMINATED TEST SWITCH

- > Drill a 3/8" hole and install the test switch (e.g. through the side of a surface mounted fixture).
- > Refer to the illustrations below and wire the test switch so that it removes AC power from both the emergency ballast and the AC ballast at the same time.
- > If wired correctly, the ITS indicator light should be ON when AC power is supplied to the fixture, indicating that the emergency ballast battery is charging. After installing, mark with the "PUSH TO TEST" and "CHARGING INDICATOR LIGHT" labels.





### STEP #3 WIRING THE EMERGENCY BALLAST

- > Determine the type of AC ballast installed in the fixture.
- > Select the appropriate wiring diagram on back to connect the emergency ballast to the AC ballast and lamp(s).

  Make electrical connections in accordance with the National Electrical Code, Canadian Electrical Code and any local regulations.
- > After installation is complete, supply AC power to the emergency ballast and join the inverter connector.
- > At this point, power should be connected to both the AC ballast and the emergency ballast, and the Charging Indicator Light should illuminate indicating the battery is charging.
- > A short-term discharge test may be conducted after the emergency ballast has been charging for one hour. Charge for 24 hours before conducting a long-term discharge test. Refer to OPERATION.
- > In a readily visible location, attach the label "CAUTION This Unit Has More Than One Power Connection Point.

  To Reduce The Risk Of Electric Shock, Disconnect Both The Branch Circuit-Breakers Or Fuses And Emergency
  Power Supplies Before Servicing."

### **OPERATION**

When AC power is applied, the charging indicator light is illuminated, indicating that the battery is being charged. When power fails, the emergency ballast automatically switches to emergency power (internal battery), operating one lamp at reduced illumination. This emergency ballast will operate one 13 W through 42 W lamp for a minimum of 90 minutes. When AC power is restored, the normal ballast operation is delayed by approximately three (3) seconds to prevent false tripping of AC ballast (end-of-lamp-life) shutdown circuit. The temperature control circuitry assures the proper charging current and battery protection under the full allowable ambient temperature range.

#### MAINTENANCE

Although no routine maintenance is required to keep the emergency ballast functional, it should be checked periodically to ensure that it is working. The following schedule is recommended:

- 1. Visually inspect the charging indicator light monthly. It should be illuminated.
- 2. Test the emergency operation of the fixture at 30-day intervals for a minimum of 30 seconds. One lamp should operate at reduced illumination.
- Conduct a 90-minute discharge test once a year. One lamp should operate at reduced illumination for at least 90 minutes.

#### ! REFER ANY SERVICING INDICATED BY THESE CHECKS TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL!

#### IMPORTANT: REFER TO TABLE 1 REGARDING BROWN CONNECTOR

TABLE 1	
LAMP POWER	BROWN CONNECTOR
13 - 23 W	CLOSED
24 - 42 W	OPEN

#### EMERGENCY BALLAST AND AC BALLAST MUST BE FED FROM THE SAME BRANCH CIRCUIT

TYPICAL SCHEMATICS ONLY. MAY BE USED WITH OTHER BALLASTS. CONSULT THE FACTORY FOR OTHER WIRING DIAGRAMS.

### **WIRING DIAGRAMS for 1-LAMP emergency operation**

RAPID START AC BALLASTS

#### FIG G. ONE (1) 4-PIN COMPACT LAMP RAPID START BALLAST

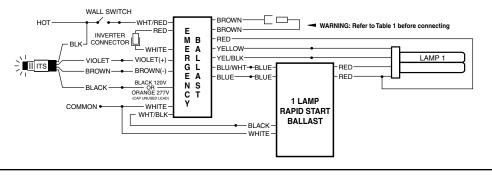
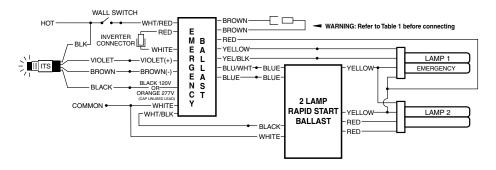


FIG H. TWO (2) 4-PIN COMPACT LAMP RAPID START BALLAST



## **WIRING DIAGRAM for Emergency-Only fixtures**

FIG I. ONE (1) 4-PIN COMPACT LAMP WITHOUT AC BALLAST(13 W-42 W)

